STARTER KIT FOR REGISTERED CHARITIES



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Welcome to the charity sector in Singapore!

You are now a registered charity. To aid you in being a well-governed charity, we have developed a starter kit which serves as a quick reference guide on the key areas to note. Please read this kit in conjunction with the information published on the Charity Portal, which includes the Charities Act and Code of Governance for Charities and IPCs.

Office of the Commissioner of Charities ["the COC's Office"]

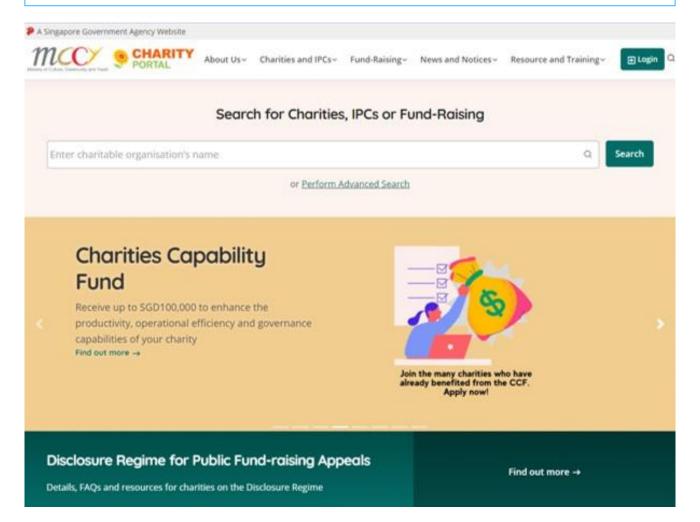


CHARITY PORTAL

The Charity Portal (<u>www.charities.gov.sg</u>) is a one-stop portal for your charity or IPC to file annual regulatory submissions and submit updates conveniently to the COC's Office.

In addition, you can utilise the Charity Portal to search for information ranging from your legislative obligations to grants which you can tap on to build up your governance capabilities.

The Charity Portal also serves as a platform for members of the public to understand your charity better. To facilitate informed giving, charities' Annual Reports, Financial Statements and Governance Evaluation Checklists (GEC)¹ are published on the Charity Portal for public viewing.



¹ To whom the Code applies.

IMPORTANT TIMELINES (1)



For charities and IPCs:

Timeline:	You need to file:		
Within 6 months from financial year end	Annual submissions via the Charity Portal which include: - Annual Report - Financial Statements - GEC (if applicable)		

For more information: Charity Portal → 'Charities and IPCs' → 'Managing Your Charity' → 'Annual Submissions'

Additional Requirement for IPCs only:

Timeline:	You need to submit:
	 Details of every tax deductible donation (TDD) received, except for those mentioned in (ii), to the Inland Revenue Authority of Singapore (IRAS); and
	 An annual return of TDD to the COC's Office or your Sector Administrator (SA) only if your IPC receives any TDD which are not reported by the IPC to IRAS (e.g. payroll deduction donations).
	Charity Partal -> 'Charities and IDCs' -> 'Managing

For more information: Charity Portal → 'Charities and IPCs' → 'Managing Your Charity' → 'Annual Submissions' → 'Returns on Tax Deductible Donations'

^{*} Charities and IPCs are also to abide by other requirements or submissions as required by the respective SAs. The 5 SAs are: (i) Ministry of Education; (ii) Ministry of Health, (iii) Ministry of Social and Family Development; (iv) People's Association; and (v) Sports Singapore.

^{*} To download a copy of the Charity Portal e-Services user guides, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Home' → 'Resource and Training' → 'Guides, Templates and Awards' → 'Guides' → 'Charity Portal e-Services Guide'.

IMPORTANT TIMELINES (2)



Please notify the COC's Office or your respective Sector Administrator (SA) when your charity or IPC makes the following changes:

Change:	Timeline:	For more information:
Change in governing board member(s)	Within 2 weeks	Charity Portal → 'Charities and IPCs' → 'Managing Your Charity' → 'Governing Board's Duties & Responsibilities' → 'Update Your Charity Profile'
Change in the governing instrument	Within 7 days	Charity Portal → 'Charities and IPCs' → 'Managing Your Charity' → 'Amending Your Governing Instrument'
Dissolution or cessation of charity operations	Within 7 days	Charity Portal → 'Charities and IPCs' → 'Managing Your Charity' → 'Deregistering Your Charity'

^{*}Charities and IPCs are also to abide by other requirements or submissions as required by the respective SAs.

^{*}To download a copy of the Charity Portal e-Services user guides, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Home' → 'Resource and Training' → 'Guides, Templates and Awards' → 'Guides' → 'Charity Portal e-Services Guide'.

CHARITIES ACT AND REGULATIONS

Your charity or IPC is to abide by the Charities Act and its Regulations, which outline the requirements and rules regarding:

- Registration
- Deregistration
- Filing of annual submissions
- Fund-raising
- IPC status and related matters



Listed below are some key legislation governing charities and IPCs:

- Charities Act 1994
- Charities (Fund-Raising Appeals for Local and Foreign Charitable Purposes) Regulations 2012
- Charities (Institutions of A Public Character) Regulations
- Charities (Accounts and Annual Report) Regulations 2011
- Charities (Registration of Charities) Regulations
- Charities (Electronic Transactions Service) Regulations 2019

Charities and IPCs are also required to comply with other legislation which govern the organisation's activities such as the Companies Act and Societies Act, where applicable.

To download a copy of the Act and regulations, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Charities and IPCs' → 'Managing Your Charity' → 'Legislations Governing Charities and IPCs'.

INSTITUTION OF A PUBLIC CHARACTER (IPC)



What are IPCs?

IPC is a status accorded to a registered charity or an exempt charity for a period of time. In addition to the income tax and property tax benefits enjoyed by registered charities, IPCs are authorised to issue tax deduction receipts for qualifying donations received.

How to qualify for IPC status?

Among other criteria, IPCs are required to:

- conduct activities that exclusively benefit the community in Singapore as a whole. This means that IPCs are <u>not</u> allowed to conduct overseas activities that benefit the overseas community; and
- are not confined to sectional interests or groups of persons based on race, belief or religion unless a waiver is granted by Minister to allow otherwise.

For more information on IPCs, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Charities and IPCs' \rightarrow 'Institutions of a Public Character (IPCs) \rightarrow 'Criteria for Application for Approval as an IPC'.

DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF GOVERNING BOARD MEMBERS

Duty of Care and Prudence

Governing board members must:

- Act lawfully, responsibly and reasonably in the best interests of your charity and be actively involved in the management and decision-making process, and jointly make decisions as a governing board on policy matters;
- Establish good governance practices that increase your charity's transparency and accountability, and exercise appropriate due diligence on beneficiaries, partners and donors;
- Ensure that the charity only conducts activities in keeping with its governing instrument and for the furtherance of its objects, which must be <u>exclusively charitable</u>. Among other things, a charity should not allow its funds and/or premises to be used for gambling and political purposes and should refrain from conducting itself in a way that can be reasonably construed as involving partisan politics;
- Stay true to your charitable purposes and be clear about your charity's ethical values;
- Ensure that the governing board members, key officers or trustees of your charity are not disqualified under the Charities Act¹ from acting in their respective offices;
- Ensure that the charity complies with the Charities Act and its Regulations, and any other requirements that the COC's Office or SAs may impose; and
- Comply with other legislation which govern the charity's activities such as the CDSA², TSOFA³, Trustees Act, Companies Act and Societies Act, where applicable.

For more information on the governing board members' duties and responsibilities, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Charities and IPCs' → 'Managing Your Charity' → 'Governing Board's Duties and Responsibilities' → 'Duty of Care and Prudence'.

¹ Refer to Section 28 of the Charities Act

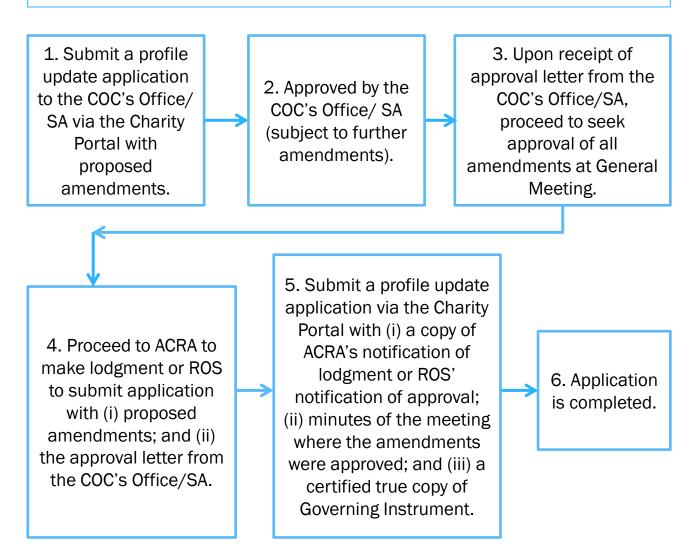
² Corruption, Drug Trafficking and Other Serious Crimes (Confiscation of Benefits) Act 1992

³ Terrorism (Suppression of Financing) Act 2002

AMENDMENT OF GOVERNING INSTRUMENT (GI)

Your charity/IPC should regularly review and update your GI to ensure that it remains relevant. Amendments need to be approved by the following agencies:

- The COC's Office or Sector Administrator (SA); and
- Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority (ACRA); or Registry of Societies (ROS)



For more information, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Charities and IPCs'→ 'Managing Your Charity' → 'Amending Your Governing Instrument'.

Duty to Donors

- Information provided to the donors/members of the public is accurate and not misleading.
- To disclose the name of your organisation, intended use of funds raised (includes the cause and/or beneficiaries) and whether any commercial fund-raiser has been engaged in soliciting the donation.
- Information relating to donors is kept confidential.
- Arrangement to solicit donations must have adequate control measures and safeguards to ensure proper accountability and to prevent any loss or theft of donations.

Use of Donations

- All donations have to be used according to donors' intentions.
- If such intention is not specified, donation must be used according to the purpose communicated to the donors during solicitation.
- If such intention is not specified and no purpose is communicated to the donors during solicitation, the donations may be used to fund any activity carried out by the charity or IPC that meets its objectives under its governing instrument.
- Donations must be used in accordance with the Charities (Fundraising Appeals for Local and Foreign Charitable Purposes)
 Regulations 2012 or the IPC regulations (where applicable).

For more information, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Fund-Raising' → 'Fund-Raisers Duties and Obligations' → 'Duty to Donors' and 'Use of Donations'.

Fund-Raising Matters

Maintenance of Accounting Records

 All accounting records relating to the fund-raising activities must be maintained for a minimum period of 5 years from the end of the financial year.

Disclosure of Information After Fund-Raising

 Your charity/IPC must disclose the consolidated amount of donations received from fund-raising appeals during the financial year in your Financial Statements.

30/70 Fund-Raising Efficiency Ratio [30/70 Rule]

- Charities and IPCs are expected to ensure that their fund-raising efficiency ratio does not exceed 30%.
- Fund-raising efficiency ratio =

$$\frac{(E + S)}{(R + S)}$$
 x 100% $\leq 30\%$



Note: (E) is the total fund-raising expenses, (R) is the total receipts from fund-raising, and (S) is the total sponsorships received by the charity or IPC. The ratio is calculated based on the figures for the financial year.

For more information, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Fund-Raising' → 'Fund-Raisers Duties and Obligations' → 'Maintenance and Disclosure of Financial Information' and '30/70 Fund-Raising Efficiency Ratio'.

Disclosure Regime for Public Fund-Raising Appeals

With effect from 9 October 2023, under the Disclosure Regime, collections for local registered or exempt charities under the Charities Act, and collections for Fund-Raising for Foreign Charitable Purposes (FRFCP) permit holders approved by the COC, will only be regulated under the Charities Act. Your charity/IPC will be exempted from applying for a licence from the Police to conduct collections from house to house or by soliciting in any public places (including on the streets).

Instead, your charity/IPC will be required to:

- Disclose details of the charity/IPC's public fund-raising appeals on the Charity Portal at least 7 working days before the commencement of the appeal; and
- ii. Ensure that the charity/IPC's collectors and fund-raisers carry clear identification, such as an official letter from your charity/IPC, and maintain appropriate behavior when conducting the appeal.

The Disclosure Regime applies to public fund-raising appeals for money or other property (e.g. donations-in-kind) by means of visits from house to house or by soliciting in any public places, or by both such means.

For more information, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Fund-Raising' → 'Types of Fund-Raising Permits or Licenses' → 'Fund-Raising for Local Charitable Purposes' and 'Fund-Raising for Foreign Charitable Purposes'.

Fund-Raising for Foreign Charitable Purposes

Should your charity/IPC wish to conduct any fund-raising appeal for foreign charitable purposes, you must apply for a permit from the COC's Office at least 30 days before the commencement of the fund-raising appeal.

80/20 Fund-Raising Rule

- For funds raised from the public for foreign charitable purposes, the applicant has to apply at least 80% of the net proceeds of the funds raised within Singapore.
- The 80/20 rule will be waived for private fund-raising appeals or for appeals in aid of providing immediate disaster relief.
- A copy of the 'Guidelines On Public and Private Fund-Raising' can be downloaded from the Charity Portal.

Other Types of Permits or Licences

There may be other permits or licences from other agencies which fundraisers need to apply for in order to carry out a specific type of fund-raising activity.

For instance, a fund-raiser intending to collect recyclable waste for fundraising purposes may require a licence from the National Environment Agency (NEA).

For more information, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Fund-Raising' → 'Types of Fund-Raising Permits or Licenses' → 'Fund-Raising for Local Charitable Purposes' and 'Fund-Raising for Foreign Charitable Purposes'.

For information on public and private fund-raising, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Resource and Training' → 'Guides, Templates and Awards' → 'Guides' → 'Guidelines on Public and Private Fund-Raising'.

Use of Online Fund-Raising Platforms

The Code of Practice for Online Charitable Fund-Raising Appeals is a set of best practices for crowdfunding platforms in Singapore. The Code is based on ensuring the legitimacy, accountability, and transparency of charitable appeals hosted on these platforms.

Five major crowdfunding platforms in Singapore have pledged commitment to the Code of Practice for Online Charitable Fund-Raising Appeals, codeveloped with the COC. Your charity may contact these platforms directly to find out more.

Subscribers	Email
<u>Give.asia</u>	support@give.asia
<u>Giving.sg</u>	hello@giving.sg
Ray of Hope	info@rayofhope.sg
SimplyGiving	hello@simplygiving.com
<u>DeeDa</u>	support@deeda.care
(Effective from 4 Nov 2022)	

For more information, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Fund-Raising' → 'Use of Online Fund-Raising Platforms and Commercial Fund-Raisers'.

OTHER GUIDANCE ISSUED BY THE COC'S OFFICE

Engaging in Business Activities

It is important that the business activities that charities may engage in do not undermine the charities' focus and distract the charities from their exclusively charitable purposes. Charity boards should also be prudent and must not expose their charitable assets to significant risk.

To download a copy of the guidance note which sets out the main principles applying to business activities, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Resource and Training' \rightarrow 'Guides, Templates and Awards' \rightarrow 'Guides' \rightarrow 'Guidance on Charities Engaging in Business Activities'.

This guide serves to help your charity/IPC familiarise yourself with how you can protect your organisation from potential

abuse related to terrorist activities or money laundering.

Protecting Your Charity against Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing

What is Money Laundering?

The process by which proceeds from a criminal activity are disguised to conceal their illicit origins, such as drug trafficking or other criminal activities to make it appear legitimate.

What is Terrorist Financing?

Defined as financial support, in any form, of terrorism or of those who encourage, plan, or engage in terrorism.

To download a copy of the guidance notes, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Resource and Training' → 'Guidance, Templates and Awards' → 'Guides' → 'Protecting your Charity against Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing'.

Terrorist Financing Risk Mitigation Toolkit for Charities

The Terrorist Financing Risk Mitigation Toolkit is intended to increase the risk awareness of terrorist financing abuse amongst charities and guide charities to identify, assess and mitigate terrorist financing risks in a systematic manner.

To download a copy of the guidance notes, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Resource and Training' → 'Guidance, Templates and Awards' → 'Guides' → 'Terrorist Financing Risk Mitigation Toolkit for Charities'.

DISCLOSURE OF OVERSEAS EXPENDITURE & CAPITAL OUTLAY

Online Financial Summary (OFS)

Charities/IPCs are required to disclose via the Online Financial Summary (OFS) their total expenditure and capital outlay that are spent in, or to benefit, locations outside Singapore.

What to disclose?

 Total expenditure, capital outlay, as well as remittance of funds received as an agent that are spent in, remitted to or benefitting locations outside Singapore.

What to furnish?

- Geographical details of where these resources are applied outside Singapore during the financial period; and
- Corresponding amount for each country that the beneficiaries and partners are located in.

For more information, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Resource and Training' → 'Guides, Templates and Awards → 'Guides' → 'FAQs on Reporting Requirements on Overseas Expenditure, Capital Outlay and Remittance of Funds as Agents'.

CHARITY COUNCIL

The Charity Council was first established in 2007. The Council aims to fulfil the following roles:

<u>Promoter</u> – promote good governance standards and best practices, to enhance public confidence in the charity sector.

<u>Enabler</u> – help build the governance capabilities of charities to enable them to comply with regulatory requirements and be more accountable to the public.

<u>Advisor</u> – advise the COC on key regulatory issues and significant cases, so that the COC can make more informed and robust decisions.



Council's Initiatives

- Code of Governance for Charities and IPCs
- Charity Transparency Framework
- Charity Transparency and Governance Awards
- Charities Capability Fund
- Training Events/Webinars
- Public Education on Safer Giving

For more information, please visit Charity Portal under 'About Us' → 'Charity Council'.

CODE OF GOVERNANCE FOR CHARITIES AND IPCS

Governance in the charity sector refers to the framework and processes concerned with managing the overall direction, effectiveness, supervision and accountability of an organisation.

The Code of Governance for Charities and IPCs ("the Code") sets out principles and best practices in key areas of governance and management that charities are encouraged to adopt. The Code operates on the principle of 'comply or explain'.

All charities and IPCs to which the Code applies must submit a Governance Evaluation Checklist (GEC) as part of their annual submission to the COC via the Charity Portal.

The Code is organised into 6 principles and the guidelines are tiered according to the size of the charity and whether the charity has IPC status.

Principle 1

The charity serves its mission and achieves its objectives

Principle 2

The charity has an effective Board and Management.

Principle 3

The charity acts responsibly, fairly and with integrity.

Principle 4

The charity is wellmanaged and plans for the future.

Principle 5

The charity is accountable and transparent.

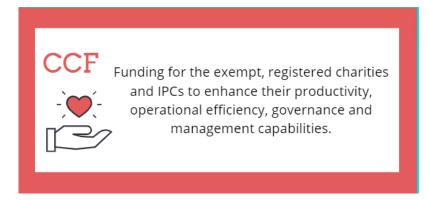
Principle 6

The charity communicates actively to instill public confidence.

Please refer to the Code of Governance for Charities and IPCs (April 2023) for charities' financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2024.

For more information, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Charities and IPCs' → 'Managing Your Charity' → 'Code of Governance for Charities and IPCs'.

CHARITIES CAPABILITY FUND



The CCF provides the following five grants from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2027:

Training – Training courses for charities' board members and staff in key governance and management areas.

Info-Communications Technology (ICT) – Basic infrastructure and digital solutions that enhances productivity and efficiency of charities.

Consultancy – Consultancy projects by external consultants to improve key governance and management areas

Shared Services – Outsourcing of corporate functions to improve backend operations in areas such as Accounting, Human Resource Management, IT management, etc.

Collaboration – For collaborative projects amongst charities that aim to enhance charities' governance, management and operational efficiency.

Who can apply?

· All exempt, registered charities and IPCs can apply.

How to apply?

- For CCF Training Grant, your charity may submit its applications online through <u>go.gov.sg/ccf-training-grant</u> at least 1 month before the commencement of the project.
- For all other CCF grants, your charity should submit an application through the OurSG Portal.

For more information, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Charities and IPCs' → 'Grants and Support for Charities and IPCs' → 'Charities Capability Fund'.

SHARED SERVICES INITIATIVE FOR CHARITIES

With the aim to professionalise the charity sector, the Commissioner of Charities has partnered organisations to set up shared services to strengthen charities' regulatory compliance and efficiency of their back-end operations. These organisations have come together to provide guidance on various areas such as electronic regulatory submissions, governance-related matters, talent management and digitalisation.

The list of shared services partners are:

- 1. Centre for Non-Profit Leadership
- 2. Chartered Secretaries Institute of Singapore
- 3. Hindu Endowments Board
- 4. Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants
- iShine Cloud Limited
- Pro Bono SG
- 7. Shared Services for Charities
- 8. Singapore Buddhist Federation
- 9. Singapore University of Social Sciences
- 10. Temasek Trust Ltd



For more information, please visit Charity Portal, under 'Charities and IPCs' → 'Grants and Support for Charities and IPCs' → 'Shared Services Initiative for Charities'.

CHARITY TRANSPARENCY AND GOVERNANCE AWARDS



Excellence Inspires

The Charity Council aims to promote transparency and good governance in the charity sector by acknowledging the excellent work of charities, while inspiring others to emulate their best practices.

- Introduced in 2016, winners are selected based on the assessment conducted using the Charity Transparency Framework.
- To be eligible for the assessment, the charity must:

Charity Transparency Awards (CTA)

- Be a registered charity and/or an IPC which has been in operation in Singapore for at least three years;
- ii. Have submitted their Annual Reports, Financial Statements and GECs for the two immediate preceding financial years; and
- iii. Have gross annual receipts of not less than \$50,000 in the immediate preceding financial year.

Charity Governance Awards (CGA)

- First introduced in 2012, it is a prerequisite to be a CTA winner to qualify as a pre-finalist for CGA.
- Charities will then undergo an independent CGA assessment.
- A charity from each category based on income size will be recognised as the main category winner.
- Charities with exemplary practices in particular areas of governance will be conferred with the Special Commendation Awards.

For more information, please visit the Charity Portal, under 'Charities and IPCs' → 'Charity Transparency and Governance Awards'.



CONTACT US

Name	Contact Details
Charities Unit/ Sector Administrator	Please visit Charity Portal, under 'Contact Us'
Charity Council Secretariat	Email address: Charity_Council_Sec@mccy.gov.sg
Charity Portal Support	Email address: CP_Support@mccy.gov.sg